Science:

Working Scientifically:

- asking relevant questions and using different types of scientific enquiries to answer them
- setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative and fair tests.
- making systematic and careful observations and, where appropriate, taking accurate measurements using standard units, using a range of equipment, including thermometers and data loggers.
- gathering, recording, classifying and presenting data in a variety of ways to help in answering questions.
- recording findings using simple scientific language, drawings, labelled diagrams, keys, bar charts, and tables.
- reporting on findings from enquiries, including oral and written explanations, displays or presentations of results and conclusions.
- using results to draw simple conclusions, make predictions for new values, suggest improvements and raise further questions.
- identifying differences, similarities or changes related to simple scientific ideas and processes using straightforward scientific evidence to answer questions or to support their findings.

Forces and Magnets

- identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.
- compare how things move on different surfaces.
- notice that some forces need contact between two objects, but magnetic forces can act at a distance.
- observe how magnets attract or repel each other and attract some materials and not others.
- compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of whether they are attracted to a magnet, and identify some magnetic materials.
- describe magnets as having two poles.
- predict whether two magnets will attract or repel each other, depending on which poles are facing.

Plants:

- identify and describe the functions of different parts of flowering plants: roots, stem/trunk, leaves and flowers.
- explore the requirements of plants for life and growth (air, light, water, nutrients from soil, and room to grow) and how they vary from plant to plant.
- investigate the way in which water is transported within plants.
- explore the part that flowers play in the life cycle of flowering plants, including pollination, seed formation and seed dispersal.

Animals, inc Humans:

- identify that animals, including humans, need the right types and amount of nutrition, and that they cannot make their own food; they get nutrition from what they eat.
- identify that humans and some other animals have skeletons and muscles for support, protection and movement.

Rocks:

- compare and group together different kinds of rocks on the basis of their appearance and simple physical properties.
- describe in simple terms how fossils are formed when things that have lived are trapped within rock.
- recognise that soils are made from rocks and organic matter.

Light:

- recognise that they need light in order to see things and that dark is the absence of light.
- notice that light is reflected from surfaces.
- recognise that light from the sun can be dangerous and that there are ways to protect their eyes.
- recognise that shadows are formed when the light from a light source is blocked by a solid object.
- find patterns in the way that the size of shadows change.

History:

- The Roman Empire and its impact on Britain.
- Britain's settlement by Anglo-Saxons and Scots
- The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the Kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor
- A local history study (Endon)
- A study of an aspect or theme in British history that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066 (WWII)

Year 3

Statutory National Curriculum Coverage

RE:

Christianity & Judaism

- exploring living by rules
- religion in the home
- symbols of worship
- sharing special food
- the beginning of the world
- relinious leaders

Music:

- play and perform in solo and ensemble contexts, using their voices and playing musical instruments with increasing accuracy fluency, control and expression
- improvise and compose music for a range of purposes using the interrelated dimensions of music.
- listen with attention to detail and recall sounds with increasing aural memory.
- use and understand staff and other musical notations

PE:

- use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination
- play competitive games, modified where appropriate [for example, badminton, basketball, cricket, football, hockey, netball, rounders and tennis], and apply basic principles suitable for attacking and defending
- develop flexibility, strength, technique, control and balance [for example, through athletics and gymnastics]
- perform dances using a range of movement patterns

Art & Design:

- to create sketch books to record their observations and use them to review and revisit ideas
- to improve their mastery of art and design techniques, including drawing, painting and sculpture with a range of materials
- about great artists, architects and designers in history

Computing:

- design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts
- use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output
- use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs
- understand computer networks, including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web, and the opportunities they offer for communication and collaboration
- use search technologies effectively, appreciate how results are selected and ranked, and be discerning in evaluating digital content
- select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information
- use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact

MFL: (Non-statutory)

French

- listen attentively to spoken language and show understanding by joining in and responding.
- explore the patterns and sounds of language through songs and rhymes and link the spelling, sound and meaning of words.
- engage in conversations; ask and answer questions; express opinions and respond to those of others; seek clarification and help
- speak in sentences, using familiar vocabulary, phrases and basic language structures
- appreciate stories, songs, poems and rhymes in the language.
- broaden their vocabulary and develop their ability to understand new words that are introduced into familiar written material.

Geography:

Place Knowledge:

- name and locate counties and cities of the United Kingdom
- identify human and physical characteristics, key topographical features (including hills, mountains, coasts and rivers), and land-use patterns
- understand how some of these aspects have changed over time

Human and Physical Geography:

- understand geographical similarities and differences through the study of human and physical geography of a region of the United Kingdom
- use the eight points of a compass, four and six-figure grid references, symbols and key (including the use of Ordnance Survey maps) to build their knowledge of the UK

Design & Technology:

Desian

- use research and develop design criteria to inform the design of innovative, functional, appealing products that are fit for purpose, aimed at particular individuals or groups
- generate, develop, model and communicate their ideas through discussion, annotated sketches, cross-sectional and exploded diagrams, prototypes, pattern pieces and computer-aided design

Make

 select from and use a wider range of tools and equipment to perform practical tasks [for example, cutting, shaping, joining and finishing], accurately.

Evaluate

 evaluate their ideas and products against their own design criteria and consider the views of others to improve their work

Technical Knowledge

apply their understanding of how to strengthen, stiffen and reinforce more complex structures

Cooking & Nutrition

- understand and apply the principles of a healthy and varied diet
- prepare and cook a variety of predominantly savoury dishes using a range of cooking techniques
- understand seasonality, and know where and how a variety of ingredients are grown, reared, caught and processed